APPALACHIAN JUVENILE COMMISSION FINANCIAL REPORT

June 30, 2016



APPALACHIAN JUVENILE COMMISSION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Appalachian Juvenile Commission Bristol, Virginia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Appalachian Juvenile Commission, which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2016, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and *Specification for Audits of Counties, Cities and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Appalachian Juvenile Commission as of June 30, 2016, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Appalachian Juvenile Commission Page 2

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the net pension liability and notes to the required supplementary information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Accompanying Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The Accompanying Schedule of Revenue and Support, Schedule of Revenue from Juvenile Detention, and the Schedule of Expenses are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. The Accompanying Schedules are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 2, 2016, on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Appalachian Juvenile Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Blackley, Olinger & associates, PhAC

Bristol, Tennessee September 2, 2016

APPALACHIAN JUVENILE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION June 30, 2016

ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,336,439
Accounts receivable	19,298
Prepaid expenses	1,480
Deferred pension outflows	191,728
Total Current Assets	3,548,945
Property and equipment, net	1,855,182
Total Assets	\$ 5,404,127
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 17,044
Payroll liabilities	27,804
Accrued compensated absences and salaries	155,914
Current portion - deferred pension inflows	68,887
Current portion - postemployment benefit obligation	13,525
Total Current Liabilities	283,174
Long-term Liabilities	
Deferred pension inflows	134,791
Net pension liability	1,374,093
Postemployment benefit obligation	365,027
Total Long-term Liabilities	1,873,911
Total Liabilities	2,157,085
NET ASSETS	
Unrestricted	3,247,042
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 5,404,127

APPALACHIAN JUVENILE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2016

UNRESTRICTED NET ASSETS SUPPORT AND REVENUE	
Local revenue - juvenile detention	\$ 2,706,472
State revenue - juvenile detention	362,821
State - Commonwealth of Virginia block grant	866,923
Federal funds	51,161
Interest income	14,752
Miscellaneous	39,928
Total Unrestricted Support and Revenue	4,042,057
EXPENSES	3,553,228
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	488,829
NET ASSETS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR (Restated)	2,758,213
NET ASSETS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 3,247,042

APPALACHIAN JUVENILE COMMISSION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year Ended June 30, 2016

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Increase (decrease) in net assets	\$	488,829
Adjustments to reconcile increase in net assets		
to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation		98,275
(Increase) decrease in operating assets		
Receivables		(7,514)
Deferred pension outflows		(1,813)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities		
Accounts payable		(15,549)
Accrued salaries and compensated absences		21,667
Postemployment benefit obligation (Gain)		30,222
Net pension liability and deferred pension inflows		(76,740)
Payroll liabilities		25,017
Net cash provided by operating activities		562,394
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of property and equipment		(6,610)
Turchase of property and equipment		(0,010)
Net cash used by investing activities		(6,610)
C. C		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Distribution to localities		(61,500)
Net cash used by financing activities		(61,500)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		494,284
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Beginning		2,842,155
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, Ending	<u>\$</u>	3,336,439
SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION:		
Interest paid	<u>\$</u>	

NOTE A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organizational History

The Highlands Juvenile Detention Center Commission was organized as of July 1, 1984, and exists by virtue of concurrent resolutions of the counties of Washington, Smyth, and the City of Bristol, all of which are in the Commonwealth of Virginia, which resolutions implement Article 13 of Title 16.1-315 of the Code of Virginia, and as so provided, is a corporate and political public body with all the powers and duties granted to it under the Code of Virginia.

Effective July 1, 2003, the Commission was expanded to allow the counties of Lee, Dickenson, Tazewell, Wise, Russell, Buchanan, Scott and the City of Norton to buy into the Commission's regionalization over a five-year period for approximately \$980,000.

Effective July 1, 2005, Highlands Juvenile Detention Center Commission and Southwest Regional Group Home merged together to enhance the services to the youth of Southwest Virginia. The combined Commissions operate under the umbrella of one Commission known as the Appalachian Juvenile Commission. As of July 1, 2011, the Commission no longer operates the group home.

Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual method of accounting.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes all monies in banks and highly liquid investments with maturity dates of three months or less and which are not subject to withdrawal restrictions or penalties.

Donated Property and Equipment

Donations of property and equipment are recorded as contributions at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Such donations are reported as increases in unrestricted net assets unless the donor has restricted the donated asset to a specific purpose. Assets donated with explicit restrictions regarding their use and contributions of cash that must be used to acquire property and equipment are reported as restricted contributions. Absent donor stipulations regarding how long those donated assets must be maintained, the Organization reports expirations of donor restrictions when the donated or acquired assets are placed in service as instructed by the donor. The Organization reclassifies temporarily restricted net assets to unrestricted net assets at that time.

NOTE A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Property and Equipment

The counties of the Commission jointly own the building the Commission occupies. It was constructed in the year 1972-73 and was occupied in July 1973. The land on which the building resides was donated to the Commission in 1998. The donation was unrestricted. Expenditures for the acquisition of property and equipment with a cost greater than \$1,000 and a useful life of greater than one year are capitalized at cost. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful lives of the building and improvements (40 years) and equipment and furniture (5-15 years) on the straight-line method.

The Commission reviews the carrying value of property and equipment for impairment whenever events and circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable from the estimated future cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition. In cases where undiscounted expected future cash flows are less than the carrying value, an impairment loss is recognized equal to an amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair value of assets. The factors considered by management in performing this assessment include current operating results, trends and prospects, the manner in which the property is used, and the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition, and other economic factors. Based on this assessment there was no impairment at June 30, 2016.

Employee Benefits

The cost of employee benefits and compensated absences are accrued as vested to the employee. The Commission does not maintain any unfunded retirement plans. The postemployment and postretirement health benefits are unfunded; thus, no plan assets are set aside for funding.

Financial Statement Presentation

The financial statement presentation follows requirements of the Not-for-Profit Entities Topic of the Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification. Under the Not-for-Profit Topic, the Commission is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Taxes

Appalachian Juvenile Commission is a not-for-profit organization that is exempt from federal income taxes under Internal Revenue Code Section 501 (c) (3) except on net income derived from unrelated business activities. The Commission did not have any unrelated business income subject to tax. The Organization believes that it has appropriate support for any tax positions taken, and as such, does not have any uncertain tax positions that are material to the financial statements.

NOTE B. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment at June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

Land	\$	111,714
Building and improvements		3,081,905
Equipment & vehicles		500,301
• •		3,693,920
Less accumulated depreciation		1,838,738
Total Property and Equipment	<u>\$</u>	1,855,182

Depreciation expense for the current period is \$98,275.

NOTE C. NATURE OF FUNDING POLICIES

State Funding:

State funding to support locally operated adult and juvenile programs is recorded using block grants. In accordance with Virginia Code Sections 16.1-322.1, 16.1-322.2, 16.1-309.6, and 16.1-309.7, the Commission was awarded initial grants, subject to revisions, to supplement the operation of the local correctional programs. The Commission received \$866,923 in Virginia block grant funds and \$362,821 in Juvenile Community Crime Control Act grant funds for the year ended June 30, 2016. Pursuant to Sections 16.1-322.2 and 16.1-309.7 of the Code, any unexpended funds at the end of each fiscal year shall be retained by the locality and subsequently expended for operating expenses of the Commission.

NOTE D. CONCENTRATIONS OF RISK

The Commission maintains its operating and capital replacement cash balances at one financial institution located in Bristol TN/VA. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insures accounts up to \$250,000. The bank collateralizes any amounts greater than \$250,000 as public funds.

NOTE E. RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE

In October, 2011, the commission agreed to return to the localities any profits that exceeded six percent of net income. The beginning net assets on the statement of activities was restated to reflect a return of \$61,500 to the localities for fiscal year 2016.

The beginning net assets on the statement of activities was restated to reflect a \$29,967 overstatement in the deferred pension outflow for June 30, 2015.

NOTE F. SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Subsequent events have been evaluated through September 2, 2016, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE G. LEASES

Appalachian Juvenile Commission entered into a lease on May 1, 2014 for additional office space. The terms of this lease is for fourteen months at \$1,112 per month which includes the 27% shared utility cost and terminates on June 30, 2018. The Commission may renew the lease for a one year option for three years. The renewal rate shall be a three percent increase in the basic rental rate plus 27% of shared utility cost.

The projected annual lease amounts for the succeeding three year period based upon the lease agreement are as follows:

Schedule of Future Lease Payments:

Fiscal Year Ending	Basic Rate	Plus Additional Rate
June 30, 2017	\$13,744	Plus 27% of shared utility expense
June 30, 2018	\$14,156	Plus 27% of shared utility expenses
June 30, 2019	\$14,581	Plus 27% of shared utility expenses

Office space rental expense (including 27% shared utility expenses) for June 30, 2016 was \$13,344.

The Commission also has non-material leases for office equipment which are treated as operating leases in the Statement of Activities.

NOTE H. ESTIMATED POSTEMPLOYMENT AND POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS

The Commission sponsors postemployment health benefits to certain former employees. Effective January 1, 2004, the Commission adopted an unfunded postretirement health and dental plan for all employees.

The ASC 715-60 standard on accounting for postretirement benefits other than pensions requires the following disclosure with regard to the retiree medical insurance liability:

Description of the Retiree Medical Insurance Plans:

Plan Type:

Pre 65: Statewide funded plan which includes:

Medical (PPO) and Vision - Anthem Blue Cross Blue Shield

Prescription Drugs - Anthem Blue Cross Blue Shield

Behavioral Health and EAP - Anthem Blue Cross Blue Shield

Dental - Delta Dental Plan of Virginia

Details of the above can be found in the "Key Advantage with

Expanded Benefits" plan booklet.

Post 65: Advantage 65, administered by Anthem Blue Cross.

Benefits cease 5 years after date of retirement and is capped at a

maximum of \$500 per month.

(Continued)

NOTE H. ESTIMATED POSTEMPLOYMENT AND POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS

Eligibility Employees are eligible for benefits at a minimum of age 50 with 20

years of service.

Benefit Cost Sharing Employer's contribution varies according to service at retirement and

is outlined as follows:

i) 20 years of service - 60% benefit.ii) 25 years of service - 80% benefit.iii) 30 years of service - 100% benefit.

Spouse and Surviving

Spouse Benefits: There are no spousal or surviving spouse benefits.

Annual Medical Premiums: As of July 1, 2015

Pre-65 \$6,000 Post-65 \$2,280

The following ASC 715-60 disclosures provide a reconciliation of changes in the plan benefit obligations and fair value of assets and a statement of funded status as of June 30, 2016:

			7/	1/2015 to
A.	Cha	ange in accumulated postretirement benefit obligation	06	/30/2016
	1.	Postretirement benefit obligation at beginning of year		
		a. Actives not fully eligible to retire	\$	212,529
		b. Actives fully eligible to retire		126,005
		c. Retirees		9,795
		d. Total	<u>\$</u>	348,329
			7/	1/2015 to
			06	/30/2016
	2.	Service cost	\$	17,445
	3.	Interest cost	\$	12,447
	4.	Amendments		-
	5.	Actuarial (gain) loss	\$	13,149
	6.	Benefits paid	\$	(12,818)
	7.	Postretirement benefit obligation at end of year		
		a. Actives not fully eligible to retire	\$	230,706
		b. Actives fully eligible to retire		139,999
		c. Retirees		7,847
		d. Total	<u>\$</u>	378,552
B.	Cha	ange in plan assets		
	1.	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$	-
	2.	Actual return on plan assets		-
	3.	Employer contribution		12,818
	4.	Benefits paid		(12,818)
	5.	Fair value of plan assets at end of year	<u>\$</u>	-

(Continued)

NOTE H. ESTIMATED POSTEMPLOYMENT AND POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS

C.	Fun	ded status	6/	30/2016
	١.	Postretirement benefit obligation at end of year	\$	378,552
	2.	Fair value of plan assets at end of year		-
	3.	Funded status end of year	<u>\$</u>	378,552
	4.	Current liability	\$	13,525
	5.	Non-current liability		365,027
	6.	Total	\$	378,552
			7 /1	1/2015 to
D.	Сог	nponents of the net periodic postretirement benefit cost	0	6/30/16
	1.	Service cost	\$	17,445
	2.	Interest cost		12,447
	3.	Return on plan assets		-
	4.	Amortization of transition obligation		-
	5.	Amortization of prior service cost		-
	6.	Amortization of actuarial (gain) loss		
	7.	Total	\$	29,892
			7 /1	1/2015 to
E.	OP	EB changes other than net periodic postretirement benefit cost	C	6/30/16
	1.	New prior service cost	\$	-
	2.	New actuarial (gain) loss		13,149
	3.	Amortization of unrecognized amounts		
	4.	Total	\$	13,149
F.	Uni	recognized amounts and amortization amounts in the following year		
	1.	Unrecognized amounts	6/	30/2016
		a. Transition obligation	\$	-
		b. Prior service cost		-
		c. Net actuarial (gain) / loss		33,277
		d. Total	\$	33,277
	2.	Amortization amounts in the following year (estimate)		
		a. Transition obligation	\$	-
		b. Prior service cost		-
		c. Net actuarial (gain) / loss		<u>-</u>
		d. Total	<u>\$</u>	-

(Continued)

NOTE H. ESTIMATED POSTEMPLOYMENT AND POSTRETIREMENT BENEFITS

G. Assumptions and effects

1.	Act	uarial assumptions	6	30/2016
	a.	Medical / drug trend rate next year		6.00%
	b.	Ultimate trend rate		4.50%
	c.	Year ultimate trend rate is achieved		2019
	d.	Discount rate used to value end of year		
		accumulated postretirement benefit obligations		2.96%
	e.	Discount rate used to value net periodic		
		postretirement benefit cost		3.87%
2.	Eff	ect of a 1% increase in health care cost trend rate on:		
	a.	Interest cost plus service cost	\$	2,635
	b.	Accumulated postretirement benefit obligation	\$	24,993
3.	Eff	ect of a 1% decrease in health care cost trend rate on:		
	a.	Interest cost plus service cost	\$	(2,319)
	b.	Accumulated postretirement benefit obligation	\$	(22,457)
4.	Me	asurement date	6	/30/2016

H. Estimated future benefit payments

Benefit payments are shown net of employee contribution.

	Estin	nated
Year Beginning July 1st:	Employe	r Payment
2016	\$	13,525
2017	\$	18,434
2018	\$	18,394
2019	\$	18,612
2020	\$	21,242
2021 - 2024	\$	148,813

I. Expected employer contribution for next fiscal year

For non-funded plans, employer contributions equal benefit payments (above) for net of retiree contributions for the next fiscal year.

2016 \$ 13,325

The total postemployment benefit obligation is reflected on the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

Postemployment benefit obligation - current	\$ 13,525
Postemployment benefit obligation - long term	 365,027
	\$ 378,552

NOTE I. HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT

Summary of Main Benefit Provisions as Interpreted for Valuation Purposes:

Political subdivisions participating in the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) may elect to provide a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for any former state employee who retired under VRS with at least 15 years of total creditable service. The amount of each monthly health insurance credit shall be \$1.50 per year of creditable service, which amount shall be paid monthly to any retired employee participating in the Health Insurance Credit Program. However, such credit shall not exceed the health insurance premium for retiree.

Disabled retirees automatically receive a maximum monthly credit of \$45. If an eligible employee has worked for more that one employer in VRS, for the purpose of this valuation, the most current (or last) employer assumes full liability for that employee.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions and Methods as Interpreted for Valuation Purposes:

Valuation date 6/30/2015

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal

Amortization method Level Percentage of Pay, Closed

Remaining amortization period 19-28 years

Asset valuation method Market Value of Assets

Actuarial Assumptions:

Investment rate of return 7.0% per annum, compounded annually (net of

administrative expenses) Inflation Assumption 2.5 %

per year.

Payroll growth rate 3.00%

Funding period The amortization period of the legacy UAAL began

at 30 years on June 30, 2013 and this amortization period is to decrease by one year on each year in subsequent valuations until reaching 0 years. With each subsequent valuation, a new amortization base will be used to amortize the portion of UAAL not covered by the current balances of the previously established amortization bases. Here, each valuation's newly allocated share of the UAAL will

be amortized over a closed 20 year period.

Annual required contribution rate .36 of compensation for fiscal year 2015 and 2016 and

.40% for fiscal year 2017 and 2018.

NOTE I. HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT (Continued)

Participation Assumption 85.0% of eligible future service retirees will utilize

the benefit program. 45.0% of eligible future disability retirees will utilize the benefit. 55.0% of eligible future retirees from vested terminated status

will utilize the benefit in the first year after retirement, increasing 5.0% per year until 95.0% participation in the eighth year and beyond.

Percent not using the maximum benefit

t 5.00% ed 70.00%

Percentage of maximum benefit received

Annual increase in benefit for non-6.5% in the first year, 4.25% in years 2 and 3, and

maximum benefit participants 3.0% for years 4 and later

Percentage of eligible deferred vested

members electing to withdraw from VRS

Deferred vested deferral period

45.00% Employees are assumed to receive benefits as

follows:

Plan 1 Member: Age 60

Plan 2 Member:

Born prior to 1938: Age 60

Born after 1937 and before 1960: Age 61

Born after 1959: Age 62

elect to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during the election window to be held January 1 through

April 30, 2014.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplemental information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits.

	A	ctuarial		uarial Accr. bility (AAL)	ι	Infunded	Funded Ratio	Annual	UAAL as of
Valuation		Value	F	Projected		AAL	Assets as	Covered	% of Covered
as of	o	f Assets	U	nit Credit	((UAAL)	% of AAL	Payroll	Payroll
6/30/2015	\$	22,644	\$	112,353	\$	89,709	20.15%	\$ 1,885,171	4.56%
6/30/2014	\$	22,311	\$	108,781	\$	86,470	20.51%	\$ 1,894,219	4.56%
6/30/2013	\$	19,610	\$	106,000	\$	86,390	18.50%	\$ 1,774,328	4.87%
6/30/2012	\$	18,114	\$	104,483	\$	86,369	17.34%	\$ 1,655,568	5.22%
6/30/2011	\$	20,308	\$	103,581	\$	83,273	19.61%	\$ 1,829,736	4.55%
6/30/2010	\$	18,663	\$	88,970	\$	70,307	20.98%	\$ 1,827,936	3.85%

NOTE J. PENSION PLANS

Defined Contribution Plan:

The Commission has a 457 defined contribution plan which is 100% funded by employee contributions.

Pensions - Virginia Retirement System

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is a multi-employer, agent plan. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employees contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the Political Subdivision are automatically covered by VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This plan is administered by Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior services, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military services, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2, and, Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has a different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

NOTE J. PENSION PLANS

RETIREMENT PLAN PROVISIONS					
PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN			
Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of January 1, 2013.	member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. Employees are eligible for Plan 2 if	The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Most members hired on or after January 1, 2014, are in this plan, as well as Plan 1 and Plan 2 members who were eligible and opted into the plan during a special election window. (see "Eligible Members") • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, creditable service and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions. • In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees.			

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Eligible Members	Eligible Members	Eligible Members
Employees are in Plan 1 if their	Employees are in Plan 2 if their	Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement
membership date is before July 1,	membership date is on or after July	Plan if their membership date is on or after
2010, and they were vested as of	1, 2010, or their membership date is	January 1, 2014. This includes:
January 1, 2013.	before July 1, 2010, and they were	Political subdivision employees*
Hybrid Opt-In Election	not vested as of January 1, 2013.	• Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected
VRS non-hazardous date covered	Hybrid Opt-In Election	to opt into the plan during the election
Plan 1 members were allowed to	Eligible Plan 2 members were	window held January 1-April 30, 2014;
make an irrevocable decision to opt	allowed to make an irrevocable	the plan's effective date for opt-in
into the Hybrid Retirement Plan	decision to opt into the Hybrid	members was July 1, 2014
during a special election window held	Retirement Plan during a special	*Non-Eligible Members
January 1, through April 30, 2014.	election window held January 1,	Some employees are not eligible to
The Hybrid Retirement effective date	through April 30, 2014.	participate in the Hybrid Retirement plan.
for eligible Plan 1 members who	The Hybrid Retirement Plan's	They include:
opted in was July 1, 2014.	effective date for eligible Plan 2	Political subdivision employees who are
If eligible deferred members return to	members who opted in was July 1,	covered by enhanced benefits for
work during the election window, they	2014.	hazardous duty employees.
were also eligible to opt into the	If eligible deferred members return	Those employees eligible for an optional
Hybrid Retirement Plan.	to work during the election window,	retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP
Members who were eligible for an	they were also eligible to opt into	plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan.
optional retirement plan (ORP) and	the Hybrid Retirement Plan.	If these members have prior service under
had prior service under Plan 1 were	Members who were eligible for an	Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not eligible to
not eligible to elect the Hybrid	optional retirement plan (ORP) and	elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must
Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1	have prior service under Plan 2	select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or
or ORP.	were not eligible to elect the Hybrid	ORP.
	Retirement Plan and remain as Plan	
	2 or ORP.	
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

NOTE J. PENSION PLANS

PLAN I	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Retirement Contributions	Retirement Contributions	Retirement Contributions
Employees contribute 5% of their	Employees contribute 5% of their	A member's retirement benefit is funded
compensation each month to their	compensation each month to their	through mandatory and voluntary
member contribution account through	member contribution account	contributions made by the member and the
a pre-tax salary reduction. Some	through a pre-tax salary reduction.	employer to both the defined benefit and
political subdivisions elected to phase	Some political subdivisions elected	the defined contribution components of
in the required 5% member	to phase in the required 5% member	the plan. Mandatory contributions are
contribution but all employees will be	contribution but all employees will	based on a percentage of the employee's
paying the full 5% by July 1, 2016.	be paying the full 5% by July 1,	creditable compensation and are required
Member contributions are tax-	2016.	from both the member and the employer.
deferred until they are withdrawn as		Additionally, members may choose to
part of a retirement benefit as a		make voluntary contributions to the
refund. The employer makes a		defined contribution component of the
separate actuarially determined		plan, and the employer is required to
contribution to VRS for all covered		match those voluntary contributions
employees. VRS invests both		according to specified percentages.
member and employer contributions		
to provide funding for the future		
benefit payment.		

Creditable Service

Creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit.

Creditable Service Same as Plan 1.

Creditable Service Defined Benefit Component:

Under the defined benefit component of the plan, creditable service includes active service. Members earn creditable service for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional creditable service the member was granted. A member's total creditable service in one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance.

Defined Contributions Component:
Under the defined contribution
component, creditable service is used to
determine vesting for the employer
contribution portion of the plan.

NOTE J. PENSION PLANS

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Vesting	Vesting	Vesting
Vesting is the minimum length of	Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component:
service a member needs to qualify for		Defined benefit vesting is the minimum
a future retirement benefit. Members		length of service a member needs to
become vested when they have at		qualify for a future retirement benefit.
least five years (60 months) of		Members are vested under the defined
creditable service.		benefit component of the Hybrid
Vesting means members are eligible		Retirement Plan when they reach five
to qualify for retirement if they meet		years (60 months) of creditable service.
the age and service requirements for		Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five
their plan.		years (60 months) of creditable service
Members also must be vested to		who opted into the Hybrid Retirement
receive a full refund of their member		Plan remain vested in the defined benefit
contribution account balance if they		component.
leave employment and request a		Define Contributions Component:
refund.		Defined contribution vesting refers to the
Members are always 100% vested in		minimum length of service a member
the contributions that they make.		needs to be eligible to withdraw the
		employer contributions from the defined
		contribution component of the plan.
		Members are always 100% vested in the
		contributions that they make.
		Upon retirement of leaving covered
		employment, a member is eligible to
	1	withdraw a percentage of employer
		contribution to the defined contribution
		component of the plan, base on service.
		• After two years, a member is 50%
		vested and may withdraw 50% of
		employer contributions.
		• After three years, a member is 75%
		vested and may withdraw 75% of
		employer contributions.
		After four or more years, a member is
		100% vested and may withdraw 100% of
		employer contributions.
		Distribution is not required by law until
		age 70 1/2.
	<u></u>	

NOTE J. PENSION PLANS

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Calculating the Benefit The Basis Benefit is calculated based	See definition under Plan 1.	Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1
on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a retirement multiplier and total service credit at retirement. It is one of the benefit payout options available to a member at retirement. An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the Basic Benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit or selects a benefit payout option other than the Basis Benefit.		See definition under Plan 1. Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions.
Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee.	Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan.
Service Retirement Multiplier VRS: The retirement multiplier is a factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: The retirement multiplier for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.85%. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: The retirement multiplier of eligible political subdivision hazardous duty employees other than sheriffs and regional jail superintendents is 1.70% or 1.85% as elected by the employer.	or granted on or after January 1, 2013. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Same as Plan 1. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Same as Plan 1.	Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: VRS: The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans. Sheriffs and regional jail superintendents: Not applicable. Political subdivision hazardous duty employees: Not applicable. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable.

PLAN I	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN	
Normal Retirement Age VRS:	Normal Retirement Age VRS:	Normal Retirement Age	
Age 65.	Normal Social Security retirement	Defined Benefit Component:	
Political subdivisions hazardous	age.	VRS Same as Plan 2.	
duty employees:	Political subdivisions hazardous	Political subdivisions hazardous duty	
Age 60.	duty employees:	employees:	
	Same as Plan 1.	Not applicable.	
		Defined Contribution Component:	
	1	Members are eligible to receive	
		distributions upon leaving employment,	
		subject to restrictions.	
Earliest Unreduced Retirement	Earliest Unreduced Retirement	Earliest Unreduced Retirement	
Eligibility	Eligibility	Eligibility	
VRS: Age 65 with at least five years	VRS:	Defined Benefit Component:	
(60 months) of creditable service or	Normal Social Security retirement	VRS:	
age 50 with a least 30 years of	age with at least five years (60	Normal Social Security retirement age	
creditable service.	months) of creditable service or	with at least five years (60 months) of	
Political subdivisions hazardous	when their age and service equal	creditable service or when their age and	
duty employees:	90.	service equal 90.	
Age 60 with at least five years of	Political subdivisions hazardous	Political subdivisions hazardous duty	
creditable service or age 50 with at	duty employees:	employees:	
least 25 years of creditable service.	Same as Plan 1.	Not applicable.	
		Defined Contribution Component:	
		Members are eligible to receive	
		distributions upon leaving employment,	
		subject to restrictions.	
Earliest Reduced Retirement	Earliest Reduced Retirement	Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility	
Eligibility	Eligibility	Defined Benefit Component:	
VRS:	VRS:	VRS:	
Age 55 with at least five years (60	Age 60 with at least five years (60	Age Members may retire with a reduced	
months) of creditable service or age	months) of creditable service.	benefit as early as age 60 with at least five	
50 with a least 10 years of creditable	Political subdivisions hazardous	years (60 months) of creditable service.	
service.	duty employees:	Political subdivisions hazardous duty	
Political subdivisions hazardous	Same as Plan 1.	employees:	
duty employees:		Not applicable.	
50 with at least five years of		Defined Contribution Component:	
creditable service.		Members are eligible to receive	
		distributions upon leaving employment,	
		subject to restrictions.	

PLAN 1	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)	Cost-of-Living Adjustment	Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in
in Retirement	(COLA) in Retirement	Retirement
The Cost-Living Adjustment (COLA)	The Cost-of-Living Adjustment	Defined Benefit Component:
matches the first 3% increase in the	(COLA) matches the first 2%	Same as Plan 2.
Consumer Price Index for all Urban	increase in the CPI-U and half of	Defined Contribution Component:
Consumers (CPI-U) and half of any	any additional increase (up to 2%),	Not applicable.
additional increase (up to 4%) up to a	for a maximum COLA of 3%.	Eligibility:
maximum COLA of 5%.	Eligibility:	Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2
Eligibility:	Same as Plan 1.	
For members who retire with a		
unreduced benefit or with a reduced		
benefit with at least 20 years of		
creditable service, the COLA will go		
into effect on July 1, after one		
calendar year following the retirement		
date.		
For members who retire with a		
reduced benefit and who have less		
than 20 years of creditable service,		
the COLA will go into effect on July		
l after one calendar year following		
the unreduced retirement eligibility		
date.		
Exceptions to COLA Effective	Exceptions to COLA Effective	Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates:
Dates:	Dates:	Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2.
The COLA is effective July 1	Same as Plan 1.	
following one full calendar year		
(January 1 to December 31) under any		
of the following:		
• The member is within five years of		
qualifying for an unreduced		
retirement benefit as of January 1,		
2013.		
• The member retires on disability.		
• The member retires directly from		
short-term or long-term disability		
under the Virginia Sickness and		
Disability Program (VSDP).		

PLAN I	PLAN 2	HYBRID RETIREMENT PLAN
Exceptions to COLA Effective		
Date:		
(Continued)		
The member is involuntarily		
separated from employment for		
causes other than job performance or		
misconduct and is eligible to retire		
under the Workforce Transition Act		
or the Transitional Benefits Program.		
• The member dies in service and the		
member's survivor or beneficiary is		
eligible for a monthly death-in service		
benefit.		
The COLA will go into effect on July		
I following one full calendar year		
(January 1 to December 31) from the		
date the monthly benefit begins.		
Disability Coverage	Disability Coverage	Disability Coverage
Members who are eligible to be	Members who are eligible to be	Employees of political subdivisions
considered for disability retirement	considered for disability retirement	(including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins)
and retire on disability, the retirement	and retire on disability, the	participate in the Virginia Local Disability
multiplier is 1.7% on all service,	retirement multiplier is 1.65% on	Program (VLDP) unless their local
regardless of when it was earned,	all service, regardless of when it	governing body provides and employer-
purchased or granted.	was earned, purchased or granted.	paid comparable program for its members.
VSDP members are subject to a one-		Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and
year waiting period before becoming	year waiting period before	Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are
eligible for non-work-related	becoming eligible for non-work-	subject to a one-year waiting period before
disability benefits.	related disability benefits.	become eligible for non-work-related
		disability benefits.

NOTE J. PENSION PLANS

Purchase of Prior Service	Purchase of Prior Service	Purchase of Prior Service
Members may be eligible to purchase	Same as Plan 1.	Defined Benefit Component:
service from previous public		Same as Plan 1, with the following
employment, active duty military		exceptions:
service, an eligible period of leave or		Hybrid Retirement Plan members are
VRS refunded service as creditable		ineligible for ported service.
service in their plan. Prior creditable		• The cost for purchasing refunded service
service counts toward vesting,		is the higher of 4% of creditable
eligibility for retirement and the		compensation or average final
health insurance credit. Only active		compensation.
members are eligible to purchase		Plan members have one year from their
prior service. When buying service,		date of hire or return from leave to
members must purchase their most		purchase all but refunded prior service at
recent period of service first.		approximate normal cost. After that one -
Members also may be eligible to		year period, the rate for most categories of
purchase periods of leave without		service will change to actuarial cost.
pay.		Defined Contribution Component:
		Not applicable.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	24
Inactive members:	
Vested inactive members	7
Non-vested inactive members	14
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	9
Total inactive members	54
Active members	52
Total covered employees	106

NOTE J PENSION PLANS

Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. Prior to July 1, 2012, all or part of the 5.00% member contribution may have been assumed by the employer. Beginning July 1, 2012 new employees were required to pay the 5% member contribution. In addition, for existing employees, employers were required to begin making the employee pay the 5.00% member contribution. This could be phased in over a period of up to 5 years and the employer is required to provide a salary increase equal to the amount of the increase in the employee-paid member contribution.

The political subdivision's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2016 was 10.07 % of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the cost of benefits earned by employee during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution to the pension plan from the political subdivision were \$191,728 and \$189,915 for the years ended June 30, 2016 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

Net Pension Liability

The political subdivisions net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2014, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the Political Subdivision's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2015.

NOTE J. PENSION PLANS

Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including Inflation 3.5 % - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 7.0 percent, net of pension plan

investment expense, including

inflation*

* Administrative expenses as a percent of the market value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 7.0%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 7.0% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 7.0% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

Mortality rates: 14% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females were set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

Pre-Retirement:

RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 4 years and females were set back 2 years.

Post-Retirement

RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table Projected with Scale AA to 2020 with males set forward 1 year.

Post-Disablement:

RP-2000 Disability Life Mortality Table Projected to 2020 with males set back 3 years and no provision for future mortality improvement.

NOTE J. PENSION PLANS

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2012. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality rate
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality rate
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Arithmetic Long-Term	Weighted Avg Long-Term	
Asset Class (Strategy)	Target Allocation	Expected Rate of Return	Expected Rate of Return	
U. S Equity	19.50%	6.46%	1.26%	
Developed Non U. S Equity	16.50%	6.28%	1.04%	
Emerging Market Equity	6.00%	10.00%	0.60%	
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.09%	0.01%	
Emerging Debt	3.00%	3.51%	0.11%	
Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	3.51%	0.16%	
Non Rate Sensitive Credit	4.50%	5.00%	0.23%	
Convertibles	3.00%	4.81%	0.14%	
Public Real Estate	2.25%	6.12%	0.14%	
Private Real Estate	12.75%	7.10%	. 0.91%	
Private Equity	12.00%	10.41%	1.25%	
Cash	1.00%	-1.50%	-0.02%	
Total	100.00%		5.83%	
	Inflation		2.50%	
	* Expected arithme	etic nominal return	8.33%	

NOTE J. PENSION PLANS

*Using stochastic projection results provides an expected range of real rates of return over various time horizons. Looking at one year results produces an expected real return of 8.33% but also has a high standard deviation, which means there is high volatility. Over larger time horizons the volatility declines significantly and provides a median return of 7.44%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2018, the rate contributed by the employer for the Political Subdivision Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly. From July 1, 2018 on, participating employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore the Long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total F	Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Net Position		Total Pension Liability
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2014	\$	5,530,540	\$	4,125,951	\$	1,404,589
Change for the year:						
Service Cost		185,069		-		185,069
Interest		378,373		-		378,373
Differences between expected						-
and actual experience		(121,020)		-		(121,020)
Contributions - employer		-		189,972		(189,972)
Contributions - employee		-		94,008		(94,008)
Net investment income		-		191,524		(191,524)
Benefit payments, including						
refunds of employee contributions		(250,433)		(250,433)		-
Administrative expenses				(2,545)		2,545
Other changes				(41)		41
Net changes		191,989		222,485		(30,496)
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$	5,722,529	\$	4,348,436	\$	1,374,093

NOTE J. PENSION PLANS

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following present the net pension liability of the political subdivision using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the political subdivision's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using the discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or on percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

Current

		Current					
	19	% Decrease (6%)	Discount Rate (7%)	1% Increase (8%)			
Political subdivision's							
Net Pension Liability	\$	2,185,043	\$ 1,374,093	\$ 710,927			

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the political subdivision recognized pension expense of \$144,446. At June 30, 2016, the political subdivision reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual				
experience	\$ -	\$	94,938	
Change in assumptions	-		-	
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on plan investments	-		108,740	
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	 191,728		<u></u>	
Total	\$ 191,728	\$	203,678	

\$191,728 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Commission's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2017	\$ (68,887)
2018	\$ (68,887)
2018	\$ (68,889)
2020	\$ 2,985
Thereafter	\$ _

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

APPALACHIAN JUVENILE COMMISSION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of Changes in the Political Subdivision's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios

	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Total pension liability		
Service Cost	\$ 185,069	\$ 174,312
Interest	378,373	358,756
Changes of benefit terms	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	(121,020)	-
Changes in assumptions Benefit Payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(250,433)	(255,226)
Net change in total pension liability	191,989	277,842
Total pension liability - beginning	5,530,540	5,252,698
Total pension liability - Ending (a)	\$ 5,722,529	\$ 5,530,540
Plan fiduciary net position		
Contributions - employer	\$ 189,972	\$ 207,912
Contributions -employee	94,008	94,051
Net investment income	191,524	560,454
Benefit Payments, including refunds of		
employee contributions	(250,433)	(255,226)
Administrative expense	(2,545)	(2,952)
Other	(41)	30
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	222,485	604,269
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	4,125,951	3,521,682
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	<u>\$ 4,348,436</u>	\$ 4,125,951
Political subdivision's net pension liability ending (a) - (b)	\$ 1,374,093	\$ 1,404,589
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.99%	74.60%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,915,810	\$ 1,892,396
Political subdivision's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employer payroll	71.72%	74.22%

APPALACHIAN JUVENILE COMMISSION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

		SC	HEDULE OF	EMP	LOYER CONTRI	BUTIO	NS	
	- •	F	or the Years	Ended .	June 30, 2015 thro	ough 201	16	
	Contractually Required Contribution	Contra	tions in Relation to ctually Required entributions	Contrib	oution Deficiency (Excess)	Employe	r's Covered Employee Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Employe Payroll
Date	 (1)		(2)		(3)	(4)		(5)
2016	\$ 191,728	\$	191,728	\$	-	\$	1,915,810	10.01%
2015	\$ 189,915	\$	189,915	\$	-	\$	1,892,396	10.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2016 is the 2nd year for this presentation, no other data is available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

Change of benefit terms - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. The 2014 valuation includes Hybrid Retirement Plan members for the first time. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits. Because this was a new benefit and the number of participants was relatively small, the impact on the liabilities as of the measurement date of June 30, 2015 are not material.

Changes of assumptions – The following changes in actuarial assumptions were made effective June 30, 2013 based on the most recent experience study of the System for the four-year period ending June 30, 2012:

Largest 10 - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality rate
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
- Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

Largest 10 -LEOS:

- Update mortality rate
- Decrease in male rates of disability

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - Non-LEOS:

- Update mortality rate
- Decrease in rates of service retirement
- Decrease in rates of disability retirement
 - Reduce rates of salary increase by 0.25% per year

All Others (Non 10 Largest) - LEOS:

- Update mortality rate
- Adjustments to rates of service retirement for females
- Increase in rates of withdrawal
- Decrease in male and female rates of disability

ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION

APPALACHIAN JUVENILE COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF SUPPORT AND REVENUE Year Ended June 30, 2016

	BUDGET	SECURE	ALTERNATIVES_	DRUG COURT	TOTAL
Local revenue					
Juvenile detention	\$ 2,580,560	\$ 1,944,060	\$ 625,912	\$ 75,000	\$ 2,644,972
State support and revenue					
Secure detention	825,000	866,923	-	-	866,923
Non-secure detention	350,000		362,821		362,821
	1,175,000	866,923	362,821	<u> </u>	1,229,744
Federal support					
E-Rate funds	35,000	22,226	10,300	-	32,526
USDA funds	42,500	18,635	-	-	18,635
Other grants and funding				<u>-</u>	
	77,500	40,861	10,300	<u> </u>	51,161
Fund Balance Transfer from localities	61,500	61,500	-	-	61,500
Interest income	12,000	14,752	-	_	14,752
Miscellaneous	31,240	14,033	895	25,000	39,928
	104,740	90,285	895	25,000	116,180
Total support and revenue	\$ 3,937,800	\$ 2,942,129	\$ 999,928	\$ 100,000	\$ 4,042,057

APPALACHIAN JUVENILE COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF REVENUE FROM JUVENILE DETENTION Year Ended June 30, 2016

						DRUG		
	SE	CURE	ALTE	ERNATIVES		COURT	-	TOTAL
City of Bristol	\$	\$ 166,646		\$ 55,492		\$ -		222,138
Buchanan County		67,820		22,580		-		90,400
Dickenson County		59,116		19,684		-		78,800
Lee County		104,232		34,708		25,000		163,940
City of Norton		106,948		35,612		-		142,560
Russell County		222,300		74,040		-		296,340
Scott County		235,996		78,584		25,000		339,580
Smyth County		200,648		66,812		-		267,460
Tazewell County		246,516		82,084		-		328,600
Washington County		173,860		57,900		-		231,760
Wise County		295,564		98,416		25,000		418,980
Bristol VA Schools		7,889		-		-		7,889
Carroll County		21,875		-		-		21,875
Wythe County		25,025		-		-		25,025
Galax		9,275		-		-		9,275
Northwestern JDC		350						350
Total localities		1,944,060		625,912		75,000		2,644,972
Commonwealth of Virginia		-		362,821		-		362,821
Total localities and state	\$	1,944,060	\$	988,733	\$	75,000	\$	3,007,793

APPALACHIAN JUVENILE COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF EXPENSES

Year Ended June 30, 2016

							DRUG		
	BUDGET		 SECURE	ALTERNATIVES		COURT		TOTAL	
Salaries and wages	\$	2,154,250	\$ 1,488,794	\$	525,985	\$	41,310	\$	2,056,089
Payroll tax expense		183,350	121,154		40,772		3,441		165,367
Employee health and dental insurance		581,800	356,968		135,405		7,140		499,513
Employee disability and life		11,450	7,867		2,797		231		10,895
Postemployment / retirement benefits (gain)		234,000	112,222		57,674		4,771		174,667
Workman's compensation insurance		27,100	18,700		5,894		463		25,057
Food		111,600	78,522		-		-		78,522
Medical services		19,700	15,820		-		-		15,820
Medical supplies		5,500	5,401		-		-		5,401
Medication		8,000	6,271		-		-		6,271
Ward expenses		5,000	4,987		-		-		4,987
Recreational supplies		250	-		-		-		-
Utilities		71,700	65,099		1,029		-		66,128
Communications		52,100	35,144		14,297		1,210		50,651
Educational supplies		5,175	5,158		-		•		5,158
Office supplies		21,500	5,652		742		3,407		9,801
Household and cleaning supplies		6,050	6,030		-		-		6,030
Kitchen supplies		15,250	15,234		-		-		15,234
Travel		156,050	5,213		132,587		8,066		145,866
Training		6,250	1,950		-		40		1,990
Commission expense		8,000	750		-		-		750
Repairs and maintenance - equipment		23,000	11,608		3,463		-		15,071
Non-capitalized equipment		11,300	9,537		1,494		-		11,031
Detention payments-Secure		-							-
Professional fees		22,400	21,235		30		-		21,265
Drug/alcohol screening		1,325	1,163		75		-		1,238

(Continued)

APPALACHIAN JUVENILE COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF EXPENSES

Year Ended June 30, 2016

				DRUG		
	BUDGET	SECURE	ALTERNATIVES	COURT	TOTAL	
Program services	12,100	-	1,002	1,366	2,368	
Mental health	-	-	•	-	-	
Dues and professional membership	1,000	645	-	-	645	
Security Supplies	-	-	-	-	-	
Insurance expense	12,500	8,534	1,814	113	10,461	
Repairs and maintenance-building	30,000	20,134	-	-	20,134	
Office space rental	13,350	-	13,344	-	13,344	
Electronic monitoring	15,200	-	15,199	-	15,199	
Substance abuse testing	-	-	-	-	-	
Depreciation	111,550	96,049	2,226	•	98,275	
Total expenses	\$ 3,937,800	\$ 2,525,841	\$ 955,829	\$ 71,558	\$ 3,553,228	

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS'

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Appalachian Juvenile Commission Bristol, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Appalachian Juvenile Commission, which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2016, and the related statement of activities, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 2, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Appalachian Juvenile Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Appalachian Juvenile Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Board of Directors Appalachian Juvenile Commission Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Appalachian Juvenile Commission's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

This purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Commission's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blackley, Olinigar & Ossociates, PLLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Bristol, Tennessee September 2, 2016